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furnished quarters are to be provided outside the continental United States (in the case of a transfer to such a station) or have been provided (in the case of a return to the continental United States), agencies shall make an appropriate reduction in the weight of household goods which may be authorized for shipment at Government expense.

- (c) Allowable costs—(1) Actual expense basis. Transportation authorized under this section shall be on an actual expense basis. Actual expense includes costs of transportation of household goods, packing and crating (including packing and crating materials and temporary containers), unpacking, and other necessary accessorial charges within applicable limits.
- (2) Drayage. If door-to-door common carrier rates are not applicable, allowable costs include the actual costs of drayage to and from the common carrier for goods not in excess of the authorized weight.
- (3) Lift vans. Charges allowable for packing and crating and for transportation include expenses incurred in hiring, transporting, and packing lift vans when shipments are made in whole or in part by water, but do not include charges in connection with any shipment or storage of empty lift vans or import duties on lift vans.

(4) Valuation. The valuation of property as declared for shipping will not exceed that to which the lowest freight rates will apply except as provided in paragraph (e)(3) of this section.

- (d) Procedures applicable—(1) Transportation and related services. The allowable transportation and related services may be obtained by the agency concerned from any available commercial carrier, except that all shipments of property by water shall be made on ships registered under the laws of the United States whenever such ships are available.
- (2) Use of Government bill of lading. Commercial shipments will be made on Government bills of lading or purchase orders whenever possible; otherwise, reimbursement shall be made to the employee for transportation expenses actually and necessarily incurred within the limitations prescribed by this section.

- (3) Itemization of charges. If the services rendered cover, in addition to transportation, other services such as packing, crating, drayage, unpacking, and temporary storage, the total charge for the services shall be itemized to show the charge for each service.
- (e) Services in excess of those authorized—(1) By means other than selected. An employee may elect to have his/her household goods moved by some means other than the means selected by the Government, except as noted in paragraph (d)(1) of this section relating to transportation by foreign flag vessels, on the condition that he/she will pay the amount, if any, by which the charges for the means of transportation selected by him/her exceed the charges for the means of transportation selected by the Government.
- (2) Excess weight. If household goods in excess of the weight allowable under this regulation are shipped on a Government bill of lading or purchase order, the employee shall promptly upon completion of the shipment pay the proper agency official for the excess cost. The excess cost shall be computed from the total charges according to the ratio of excess weight to the total weight of the shipment.
- (3) Excess valuation or insurance. An employee may declare a valuation above the minimum permitted if he/she assumes all additional expenses resulting therefrom, including the cost of insurance needed to protect the higher valuation. (See § 302–8.2(f).)

[54 FR 20324, May 10, 1989, as amended by FTR Amdt. 26, 57 FR 28636, June 26, 1992]

§ 302-8.5 Temporary storage.

- (a) Applicability. Temporary storage of household goods at Government expense may be allowable only when such storage is incident to transportation of the household goods at Government expense.
- (b) Allowable expenses—(1) Commuted rate system. In connection with transportation within the continental United States under the commuted rate system, costs of temporary storage within the applicable weight limit will be reimbursed to the employee in the amount of his/her costs for storage

including in and out charges and necessary drayage, but not to exceed the commuted rates for storage in the GSA publication, Commuted Rate Schedule for Transportation of Household Goods. (See § 302–8.3(a)(1).) A receipted copy of the warehouse or other bill for storage costs is required to support reimbursement.

(2) Actual expense method. In connection with transportation within or outside the United States when the actual expense method is used, the Government will normally arrange for necessary temporary storage and pay the cost thereof direct. If an employee must arrange for temporary storage in connection with transportation by the actual expense method, he/she may be reimbursed for reasonable costs incurred for storage including in and out charges and necessary drayage within the applicable limitations. Charges for excess weight, valuation above the minimum amount, and services obtained by the employee at higher costs shall be the responsibility of the employee in the same manner as he/she is responsible for excess costs incident to transportation. (See §§ 302-8.3(b)(5) and 302-8.4(e).)

§ 302-8.6 Advance of funds.

- (a) Commuted rate system. Advances of funds may be made to employees up to the estimated amount of the commuted payment for the cost of authorized transportation and temporary storage of their household goods under the procedures and policies prescribed in §302-114(2)
- (b) Overseas shipments. For overseas shipment, advance of funds may be made for the estimated cost of transportation and temporary storage only if the cost of authorized transportation and temporary storage will not be paid directly by the Government, as is the case when a Government bill of lading or purchase order is used.
- (c) *Procedures.* In requesting an advance of funds, the employee shall submit a written statement designating:
- (1) The points of origin and destina-
- (2) The estimated weight of household goods to be shipped, and
- (3) Any anticipated temporary storage not to exceed a period of 90 days at

Government expense. The estimate of weight required in support of an advance of funds shall consist of a statement of the estimated weight signed by the carrier selected to handle the shipment, if available. If not available, evidence of actual weight or a reasonable estimate thereof acceptable to the agency shall be furnished.

PART 302-9—ALLOWANCES FOR NONTEMPORARY STORAGE OF HOUSEHOLD GOODS

Sec.

- 302-9.1 Nontemporary storage during assignment to isolated locations in the continental United States.
- 302-9.2 Nontemporary storage during assignment outside the continental United States.
- 302-9.3 Storage during school recess for Department of Defense overseas teachers.

302-9.4 Advance of funds.

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 5738; 20 U.S.C. 905(a); E.O. 11609, 36 FR 13474, 3 CFR, 1971–1975 Comp., p. 586.

Source: 54 FR 20328, May 10, 1989, unless otherwise noted.

§ 302-9.1 Nontemporary storage during assignment to isolated locations in the continental United States.

- (a) *Policy.* Nontemporary storage of household goods belonging to an employee transferred or a new appointee assigned to an official station at an isolated location in the continental United States shall be allowed only when it is clearly justified under the conditions in this part and is not primarily for the convenience or at the request of the employee or the new appointee.
- (b) Isolated official stations—criteria. Under this section, an official station at an isolated location is a place of permanent duty assignment in the continental United States at which an employee has no alternative except to live where he/she is unable to use his/her household goods because:
- (1) The type of quarters he/she is required to occupy at the isolated permanent duty station will not accommodate his/her household goods; or
- (2) Residence quarters which would accommodate his/her household goods are not available within reasonable